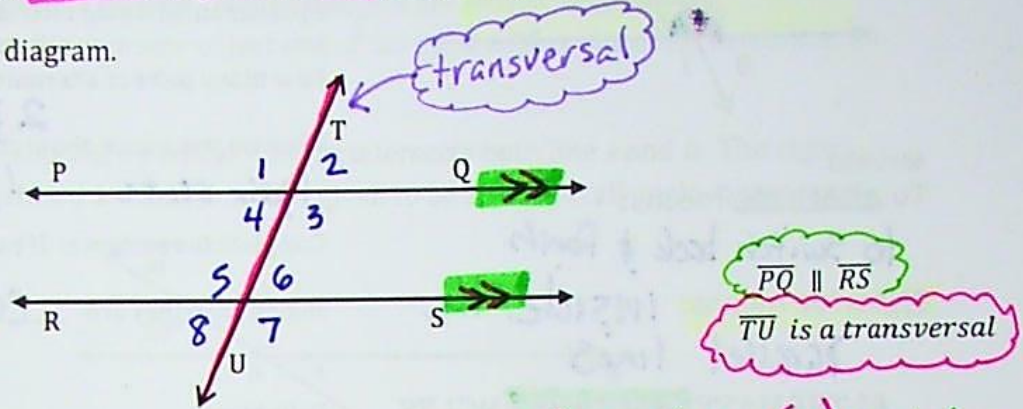


Corresponding Angles, Alternate Interior, and Alternate Exterior Angles

If two parallel lines are intersected by another line, how many angles are formed?
 Number them on the diagram.



The extra arrows on two of the lines mean they are parallel (||) symbol.

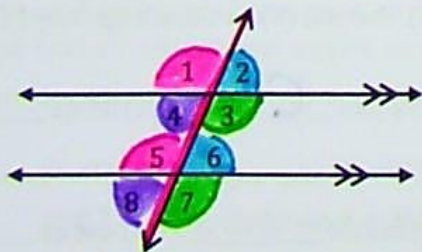
The line that intersects the two lines is called a transversal.

The number of angles formed is 8.

The angles formed when parallel lines are cut by a transversal line have special relationships and are named according to those relationships with one another.

CORRESPONDING ANGLES

- Same side of transversal



- both are either above or below parallel lines

Definition:

Name the corresponding angles for the following.

- 1) $\angle 1$ corresponds with $\angle 5$ (left/above)
- 2) $\angle 2$ corresponds with $\angle 6$ (right/above)
- 3) $\angle 3$ corresponds with $\angle 7$ (right/below)
- 4) $\angle 4$ corresponds with $\angle 8$ (left/below)

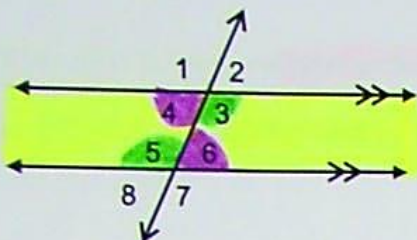
What do you notice about the angle pairs above?

- 2 pairs of acute angles $\angle 2 \& \angle 6$ $\angle 3 \& \angle 7$
- 2 pairs of obtuse angles $\angle 1 \& \angle 5$ $\angle 4 \& \angle 8$

Complete the sentence: If two angles are corresponding

angles, then they are: Congruent

ALTERNATE INTERIOR ANGLES



Word attack
To alternate means to **switch back and forth**
Interior means: **inside the parallel lines**

Definition:

Name the alternate interior angle for the following angles.

- 1) $\angle 3$ is an alternate interior angle with $\angle 5$
- 2) $\angle 4$ is an alternate interior angle with $\angle 6$

How many pairs of alternate interior angles are possible?

two pairs

What do you notice about the angle pairs above?

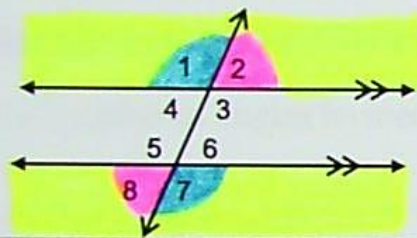
they are the same type (acute or obtuse)

Complete the sentence:

If two angles are **alternate interior angles**,

then they are: **congruent**

ALTERNATE EXTERIOR ANGLES



Word attack
To alternate means to **switch back and forth**
Exterior means: **outside the parallel lines**

Definition:

Name the alternate exterior angle for the following angles.

- 1) $\angle 1$ is an alternate exterior angle with $\angle 7$
- 2) $\angle 2$ is an alternate exterior angle with $\angle 8$

How many pairs of alternate exterior angles are possible?

two pairs

What do you notice about the angle pairs above?

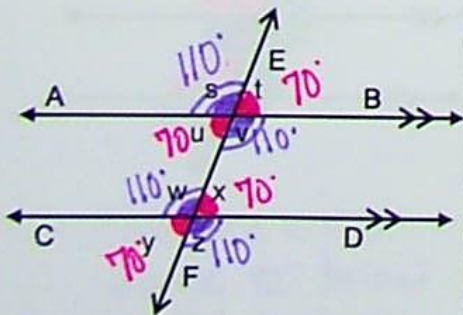
they are the same type (acute or obtuse)

Complete the sentence:

If two angles are **alternate exterior angles**,

then they are: **congruent**

Look at the diagram below. For each pair of angles, state whether they are **corresponding (C)**, **alternate interior (I)**, **alternate exterior (E)**, **vertical (V)**, or **supplementary (S)**.



- | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1) $\angle u, \angle x$ I | 6) $\angle t, \angle x$ C | 11) $\angle t, \angle u$ V |
| 2) $\angle w, \angle s$ C | 7) $\angle w, \angle z$ V | 12) $\angle w, \angle x$ S |
| 3) $\angle t, \angle y$ E | 8) $\angle v, \angle w$ I | 13) $\angle w, \angle s$ C |
| 4) $\angle s, \angle t$ S | 9) $\angle v, \angle z$ C | 14) $\angle s, \angle v$ V |
| 5) $\angle w, \angle y$ S | 10) $\angle s, \angle z$ E | 15) $\angle x, \angle z$ S |

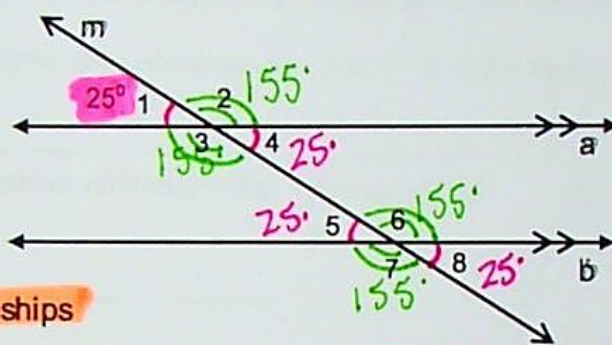
16) If $m\angle s = 110^\circ$, find the measure of the remaining angles.

$m\angle v = 110^\circ$ $m\angle t = 70^\circ$ $m\angle u = 70^\circ$ $m\angle w = 110^\circ$ $m\angle x = 70^\circ$ $m\angle y = 70^\circ$ $m\angle z = 110^\circ$

Parallel Lines Cut by a Transversal

As explained in the previous section, when two parallel lines are intersected, or "cut," by a transversal, eight angles are formed. Any two angles are either **congruent** or **supplementary**! Given the measure of just one of the eight angles, the other seven can be determined.

Example: Lines a and b are parallel. Line m intersects both line a and b. The eight resulting angles are labeled 1 – 8, and $m\angle 1$ is given to be 25° . Find all angle measures.



Lots of Vocabulary!

Step 1: Notice the relationships

$\angle 1$ and $\angle 4$ are vertical angles and therefore \cong , so $m\angle 4 = 25^\circ$.

Other pairs of vertical angles are $\angle 2$ and $\angle 3$, $\angle 5$ and $\angle 8$, $\angle 6$ and $\angle 7$.

$\angle 1$ is supplementary to $\angle 2$; so the $m\angle 2 = 180^\circ - \angle 1 = 180 - 25^\circ = 155^\circ$.

$\angle 1$ is also supplementary to $\angle 3$; so the $m\angle 3$ is also 155° .

Notice that $\angle 2$ and $\angle 3$ are vertical angles, and would have to be \cong to each other.

Step 2: Corresponding angles have the same relative position, like $\angle 1$ and $\angle 5$ are both in the upper left section of the intersecting lines. Corresponding angles are always **congruent**, so $m\angle 1$ and $m\angle 5$ are both 25° . $\angle 5$ and $\angle 8$ are vertical angles, so $m\angle 8 = 25^\circ$.

$\angle 6$ and $\angle 8$ form a linear pair, so $m\angle 6 = 180^\circ - 25^\circ = 155^\circ$.

$\angle 6$ and $\angle 7$ are vertical angles, so $m\angle 7$ is also 155° .

Answer:

$m\angle 1, m\angle 4, m\angle 5$ and $m\angle 8$ (all) = 25° and are acute angles

$m\angle 2, m\angle 3, m\angle 6$ and $m\angle 7$ (all) = 155° and are obtuse angles