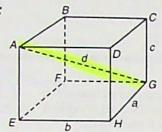
Enrichment Diagonals

Student Edition Pages 672-675

To find the length of diagonals in cubes and rectangular solids, a formula can be applied. In the example below, the length of diagonal  $\overline{AG}$  or d can be found using the formula

$$\frac{d^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 \text{ or } d = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}. \text{ or } d = \sqrt{l^2 + \omega^2 + h^2}$$

Example:



The diagonal, d, is equal to the square root of the sum of the squares of the length, a, the width, b, and the height, c.

Example: Find the length of the diagonal of a rectangular prism with length of 8 meters, width of 6 meters, and height of 10 meters.

$$d = \sqrt{8^2 + 6^2 + 10^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{64 + 36 + 100}$$

$$= \sqrt{200} < \frac{100}{2}$$

$$= 14.1 \text{ m}$$

Substitute the dimensions into the equation.

Square each value. Add.

Find the square root of the sum.

Write in simplest radical for

Solve. Use  $d = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}$ . Round answers to the nearest tenth.

 Find the diagonal of a cube with sides of 6 inches. d= 162+62+62 = 13.36 = 653 in

2. Find the diagonal of a cube with sides of 2.4 meters.

$$d = \sqrt{(2.4)^2 + (2.4)^2 + (2.4)^2} = \sqrt{3 \cdot (2.4)^2} = 2.4\sqrt{3} \times 10^{-10}$$

3. Find the diagonal of a rectangular solid with length of 18 meters, width of 16 meters, and height of 24 meters.

$$d = \sqrt{18^2 + 16^2 + 24^2} = \sqrt{324 + 256 + 576} = \sqrt{1156} = 34m$$

4. Find the diagonal of a rectangular solid with length of 15.1 meters, width of 8.4 meters, and height of 6.3 meters.

5. Find the diagonal of a cube with sides of 34 millimeters.

6. Find the diagonal of a rectangular solid with length of 8.9 millimeters, width of 6.7 millimeters, and height of 14 millimeters. d= \( (8.9)^2 + (6.7)^2 + (14)^2 = \( 79.21 + 44.89 + 196

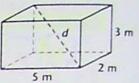
## ◆ Skill B Using the formula for the length of a diagonal of a right rectangular prism

Recall A diagonal of a polyhedron is a segment that joins two points that are vertices of different faces of the polyhedron. The Pythagorean Theorem can be used to derive a formula for the length of a diagonal of a right rectangular prism.

If a right rectangular prism has length  $\ell$ , width w, and height h, then the length, d, of a diagonal is given by  $d = \sqrt{\ell^2 + w^2 + h^2}$ .

## ♦ Example

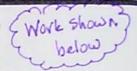
Find the length of a diagonal of the right rectangular prism.



## Solution

$$d = \sqrt{\ell^2 + w^2 + h^2} = \sqrt{5^2 + 2^3 + 3^2} = \sqrt{38} = 6.16 \text{ m}$$

Find the length of a diagonal of a right rectangular prism with the given dimensions. Give your answer as a radical in simplest form and as a decimal rounded to the nearest hundredth.



10. 
$$\ell = 9$$
,  $w = 4$ ,  $h = 5$   $\sqrt{122} \approx 11.05$ 

11. 
$$\ell = 2$$
,  $w = 2$ ,  $h = 4$   $\sqrt{24} = 2\sqrt{6} \approx 4.90$ 

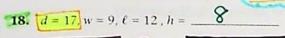
12. 
$$\ell = 3, w = 7, h = 2$$
  $\sqrt{62} \approx 7.87$ 

13. 
$$\ell = 3, w = 2, h = 3$$
  $\sqrt{22} \approx 4.69$ 

14. 
$$\ell = 15, w = 6, h = 9$$
  $\sqrt{342} = 3\sqrt{38} \times 19.49$ 

16. 
$$\ell = 8, w = 10, h = 8$$
  $\sqrt{228} = 2\sqrt{57} \times 15.10$ 

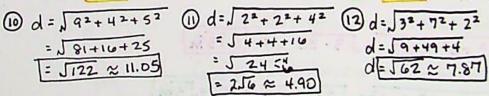
Find the missing dimension of the right rectangular prism. Give Note Show your answer as a radical in simplest form and as a decimal rounded to the nearest hundredth. Given the

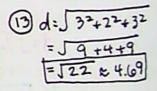


19. 
$$d = 12$$
,  $w = 8$ ,  $h = 5$ ,  $\ell = \sqrt{55} \approx 7.42$ 

(1) 
$$d = \sqrt{9^2 + 4^2 + 5^2}$$
  
=  $\sqrt{81 + 16 + 25}$   
=  $\sqrt{122} \approx 11.05$ 

1) 
$$d = \sqrt{2^2 + 2^2 + 4^2}$$
  
=  $\sqrt{4 + 4 + 16}$   
=  $\sqrt{24 \le 16}$   
=  $2\sqrt{6} \approx 4.90$ 





$$(4) d = \sqrt{15^2 + 6^2 + 9^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{225 + 36 + 81}$$

$$= \sqrt{342} \cdot \frac{3}{38}$$

$$= 3\sqrt{38} \approx 18.49$$

(3) 
$$d=\sqrt{6^2+12^2+10^2}$$
 (6)  $d=\sqrt{8^2+10^2+8^2}$  (17)  $d=\sqrt{10^2+8^2+4^2}$   
 $=\sqrt{36+144+100}$  =  $\sqrt{64+100+64}$  =  $\sqrt{180}$  =  $\sqrt{180}$ 

$$= \sqrt{30 + 144 + 100} = \sqrt{50 + 100 + 604}$$

$$= \sqrt{280} < \frac{7}{70} = \sqrt{50} \approx 16.73$$

$$= 2\sqrt{57} \approx 16.73$$

$$= \int_{(50+64+16)} = \int_{(50+64+16)} = \int_{(50} = \frac{36}{3}$$

$$= 6\sqrt{5} \approx 13.42$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
18 \\
18 \\
289 = 81 + 144 + h^{2} \\
289 = -225 + h^{2} \\
-225 \\
\hline
564 = 5h^{2}
\end{array}$$

$$12 = \sqrt{8^{2} + 5^{2} + \ell^{2}}$$

$$12 = \sqrt{64 + 25 + \ell^{2}}$$

$$12 = \sqrt{89 + \ell^{2}}$$

$$(12)^{2} = (\sqrt{89 + \ell^{2}})^{2}$$

$$144 = 89 + \ell^{2}$$

$$-89 - 44$$

$$55 = \ell^{2}$$

